

# Microwave Limb Sounder: Meteorological Dataset Usage and Issues

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# MLS Operational Meteorological Data Usage/Issues

Met	teorological Datasets Downloaded Routinely:		
	GMAO – GEOS-4, and soon GEOS-5 (through EOS project)		
	NCEP/CPC (through EOS project)		
	UK Met Office (from BADC)		
	NCEP/NCAR Reanalysis (from NOAA/CDC website)		
Use in production Processing:			
	GEOS-4 temperatures from pressure level synoptic files used for a priori in VI.5 (and preliminary V2) level 2 (retrieval) software		
	V2 operational software will use GEOS-5 time-average model level temperatures for a priori		
	V2 operational software will use GEOS-5 time-average model level temperatures to calculate WMO (temperature gradient) tropopause pressure for use in column calculations		
GEOS-4/GEOS-5 Issues:			
	MLS V2 operational and reprocessing schedule depends on GEOS-5 rollout schedule; V2 expected to become operational at the beginning of November		
	Need GEOS-4 data until (1) V2 is ready for operational forward processing, and (2) GEOS-5 is operational and up to date for use in that processing		
	Working closely with GMAO to coordinate schedules; have requested and been promised test days (27-29 Jan 2005) with scientifically valid data in advance of GEOS-5 operational processing		
	All tests involving routine data transfers with GMAO have gone smoothly		
	Thus, no major issues except scheduling		
	Further scheduling/operations discussion at DSWG meeting		

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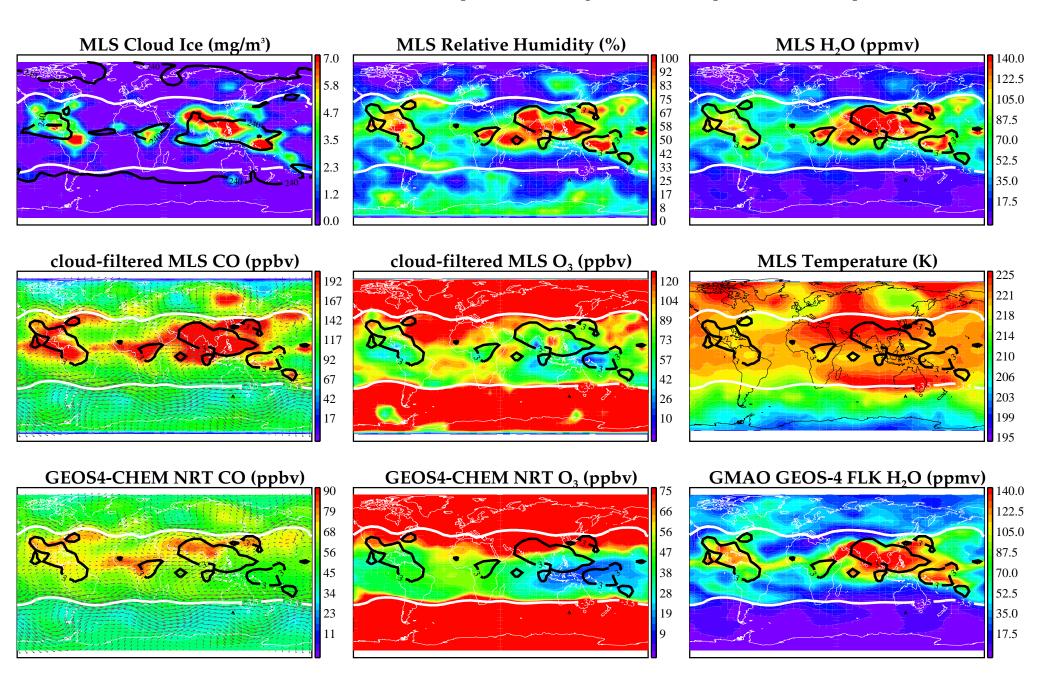
Use	in r	regular data inspections:	
	Several standard plots for stratosphere and UTLS using meteorological data from GEOS-4 (and some from Met Office) inspected and posted daily/weekly on MLS website (Knosp Poster, Session 1; some examples shown in previous MPWG reports)		
	Reports on stratospheric and UTLS MLS data, including relation to meteorology, given at weekly group meetings		
	Following pages show examples of:		
	$\Rightarrow$	MLS, GEOS-4, and GEOS-CHEM chemical transport model weekly maps at 215 hPa (from weekly UTLS MLS data/processes report, also posted on website)	
	$\Rightarrow$	Equivalent/latitude-time series of MLS species involved in polar processing in lower stratosphere (from weekly stratospheric meteorology report, will be posted on new website)	
	$\Rightarrow$	MLS and reverse trajectory (RT, aka RDF) maps in middle and lower stratosphere (from weekly stratospheric meteorology report)	
Nui	nerc	ous validation/science studies; a few that may not have been highlighted elsewhere:	
	Production/distribution of derived meteorological products (DMPs) for solar occultation datasets (Manney et al poster, Session 2)		
	Use of MLS, ACE-FTS, DMPs and modeling in chlorine partitioning studies (Santee et al, paper in preparation)		
	Stratospheric transport studies using MLS, SO, DMPs, including study of Jan/Feb 2006 stratospheric sudden warming (Manney et al, paper in preparation, poster, Session 2)		
	Stu	dies of stratopause structure/evolution using MLS, ACE, SABER, and GEOS-4 analyses	

Gravity wave studies using MLS, other A-Train, and high-resolution meteorological datasets

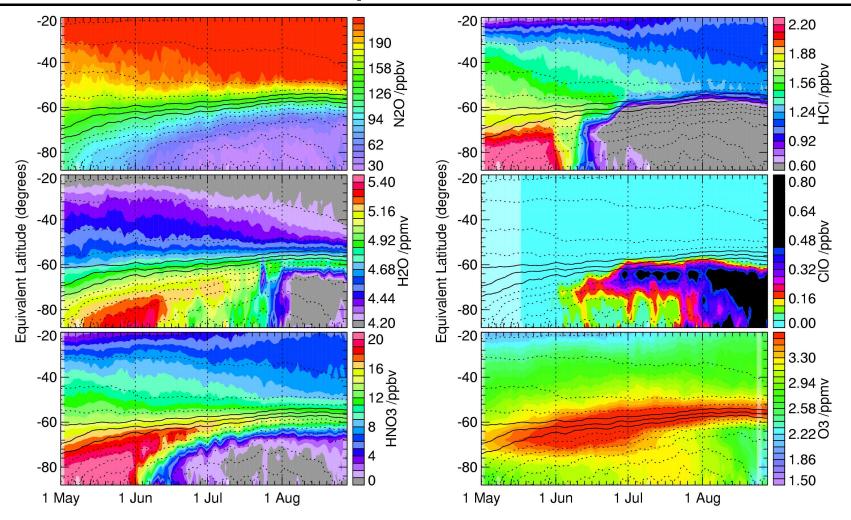
☐ Studies/review/overview of global STE from MLS data

### MLS Upper Troposphere Weekly Mean Maps for 23-29 Jul 2006\* at 215 hPa

White contours: GMAO PV =  $3.5 (10^6 \text{Km}^2 \text{kg}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1})$  indicative of dynamical tropopause Black contours: GMAO OLR =  $240 \text{ W/m}^2$  for IWC map and IWC =  $3 \text{ mg/m}^3$  for other maps indicative of deep convection

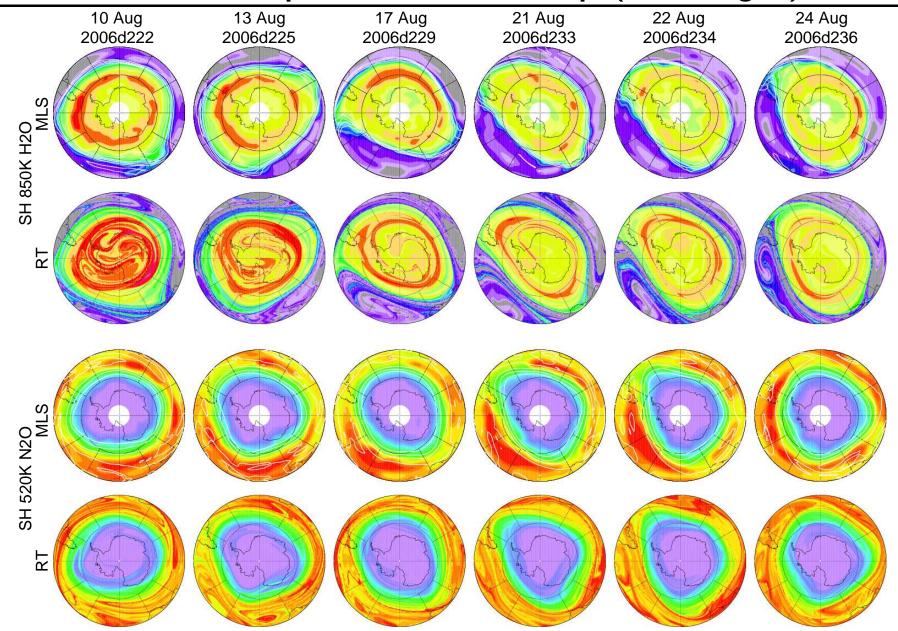


### Polar Winter SH Lower Stratosphere



- ☐ EqL-time plots at 520 K in LS, from I May 2006 through 30 August 2006, from MLS data and QD-DMPs
- $\Box$  Vortex size near constant for past  $\sim$ 4 weeks, starting to decrease gradually;  $N_2O$  indicates slowing descent near vortex edge, mixing from edge into vortex core (where there is no longer evidence of descent)
- $\Box$  H<sub>2</sub>O and HNO<sub>3</sub> increased in vortex interior, consistent with increased mixing; PSC frequency/coverage may also be decreasing at temperatures rise (much smaller area now where ice PSCs could form than a week or two ago)
- ☐ High CIO, near zero HCl, continue throughout vortex, but CIO receding from vortex edge
- $\square$  Rapid  $O_3$  decrease throughout the vortex continues, with very low values appearing near 80EqL

### Antarctic Polar Stratosphere – MLS and RT Maps (10–24 August)



- □ 520K N<sub>2</sub>O and 850K H<sub>2</sub>O MLS and 10-day RT maps (problem in making 20 Aug 850 K RT map); LS vortex strong, morphology variable, good agreement of filaments outside the vortex; suggestion of mixing from edge to interior
- MS vortex continuing to become more active, shrinking slightly; good agreement in filaments outside, better agreement in interior in past week